

I

(A)

しかしながら、エリートレベルでのスポーツ参加がプラスの影響を生む証拠はわずかしかない。入手可能な調査結果が示しているのは、エリートアスリートは精神衛生上の問題をかかえてしまう傾向がより強い可能性があり、それはそうしたアスリートには精神的、肉体的に過酷な要求が課されることが原因かもしれない、ということだ。

(B)

その動きの流れや順序から、パントマイムを見る者は体と顔の動きの順序が、文化的一貫性を持つ何らかの出来事や何らかの認識可能な経験を、「仮想的に」存在する、様々な物体や、人のいる物理空間、また社会状況といった特定の枠組みの中で描き出しているのだ、と理解する。

II

設問(1)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| [i] | (二) | [ii] | (ロ) | [iii] | (ロ) | [iv] | (ハ) | [v] | (イ) |
|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|

設問(2)

| | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| [A] | (二) | [B] | (ロ) | [C] | (イ) |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

設問(3)

This phrase refers to our conventional failure to recognize the importance of ecosystem services such as soil maintenance, carbon storage, erosion control and nutrient cycling, resulting from our tendency to view nature only as an abundant and endlessly renewable resource that we can exploit as we like. (47 words)

設問(4)

宅地造成業者は長きに渡り、本来計り知れない価値を持つ生態系を無価値とみなし、搾取してきたこと。

設問(5)

自然災害の被害を抑え、持続可能な生活を送るための経済的価値という観点から、という意味。

設問(6)

(二)

III

解答例1

The graph shows that, of the 6 nations surveyed, Japan is the only country where the number of students who earned PhDs decreased after 2010. This is a critical situation, because in today's world many industries depend on advanced knowledge for their survival. To reverse this decreasing trend, the Japanese government should take effective measures to enhance company managers' understanding of the importance of technological innovation, which will lead to companies employing more PhD graduates with advanced skills at more competitive salaries.

(82 words)

解答例2

The graph shows that Japan has fewer Ph.D. graduates than major countries such as the U.S. and China. While the number of doctorate holders in these countries has steadily increased, Japan's has remained almost unchanged. This is partly because getting a doctorate has financial risks. Many students choose more secure corporate jobs rather than low-paying academic careers. Unlike in China and the U.S., where graduate students receive strong financial support and good-paying jobs await, Japan has high tuition fees and few research jobs are available.

(85 words)

IV

(A) (すべての学部 of 志願者)

解答例1

We tend to assume that a text has a solid "content" and that how we communicate it is of small importance. But actually, the "form" — the way we express something — can sometimes change the very "content" one receives.

解答例2

It is easy for us to imagine that a piece of writing has fixed content and all we have to do is just convey it; the form of expression is not what matters. As it is, "form" plays an important part and our choice of form can alter the content that one takes in.

(B) (イ) (文学部の志願者)

解答例1

If you forgot something, it probably wasn't that important. If you mention it later in the speech, it might weaken the whole message. Decide in advance on how to conclude your speech to make sure that you will finish it beautifully. By doing so, your listener will treasure your whole talk as a good memory.

解答例2

The very fact that you forgot to mention something is clear evidence of its insignificance. If you foolishly put the skipped part into your speech later, it will seriously damage the flow of what you have said so far. Plan your closing beforehand and stick to it, and your audience will leave the venue feeling satisfied with your speech.

(B) (ロ) (文学部以外の学部の志願者)

解答例1

Certainly, if we were to give a fundamental purpose for eating, it would be to obtain nutrition. However, if we ate only to fulfill that purpose, wouldn't part of what it means to be a human being get lost?

解答例2

Of course, if you ask what the purpose of eating is, the answer is certainly to obtain nourishment. However, if you eat solely for this nutritional purpose, the joyful aspect of the act of eating may well disappear.