

I

1. (D)
2. 高齢にまつわる固定観念は、高齢者集団内の人でさえ同じ否定的な固定観念を抱いている点で他に類をみない。(50字)
3. 高齢者が老いを嫌い自分はまだ若いと思いたがること。(25字)
4. (A)
5. 高齢者の肉体を仮想体験することで、彼らに対する認識が変わるかを確かめること。(38字)
6. (B)
7. 高齢者への敬意を払わなくなること。(17字)
8. 年齢を若いか高齢かの2つに分けずに、全範囲にまたがる連続体として捉えること。(38字)

II

1. 実験室のネズミに数週間ジャンクフードを食べさせて学習と記憶の限度を調べること。(39字)
2. (B)
3. 脳が発する信号を内臓に伝え、内臓が発する伝言を脳に届ける役割。(31字)
4. 脳と内臓の間で絶え間なく平和に行われる膨大な信号のやりとり。(30字)
5. (5) bugs (6) messages
6. ジャンクフードで腸内細菌の種類が減り、内臓から脳への信号が不十分になるから。(38字)
7. (A)

III

[A]

- (1) 3番目：① 5番目：⑥
(2) 3番目：① 5番目：⑥
(3) 3番目：③ 5番目：⑥

[B]

[解答例1]

It is certainly good that Japanese retailers now charge for plastic bags, but stricter measures are necessary to protect the environment. Perhaps, other plastic products should be banned or at least not given to customers for free. Simply put, plastic waste does great damage to the environment. The production of plastic goods emits greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, contributing to global warming. It also takes years for plastic to break down, so it stays in the environment and harms or kills many living creatures. There are also many plastic particles in our drinking water and food supply, and the plastic may severely damage our health. (105 words)

[解答例 2]

Japanese people should use less plastic in daily life. At supermarkets, many products are individually wrapped in plastic and put into plastic bags. During the current pandemic, many people get take-out and use plastic containers and utensils, most of which are thrown away. Some plastic waste ends up polluting the soil and water. This kills or at least damages the health of many living creatures. Unfortunately, charging customers for plastic bags is an insufficient solution. It does not limit people's use of other kinds of plastic. To reduce plastic consumption and protect the environment, more plastic products should be banned or at least heavily taxed. (105 words)