

医学部 (医学科)

<パート1>

設問1

1. (a)    2. (c)    3. (d)    4. (a)

設問2

森林伐採や野生動物の取引により、ウイルスが種の境界線を飛び越える可能性が高まったり、大気汚染が呼吸器系を弱らせることで人間の脆弱性を高めたり、さらに空路による移動の拡大により伝染病がより急速に広まると考えている。

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設問3

経済回復の名目で、各国のリーダーがパンデミックのリスクを否定したり、パンデミックを利用して環境保護や健康基準を緩めたりしてしまう危険性。

設問4

( c ) ( f ) ( g )

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<パート2>

設問1

- ① familiar
- ② increasingly
- ③ treatment
- ④ involves
- ⑤ variety
- ⑥ offers
- ⑦ Participants
- ⑧ sessions
- ⑨ advantages
- ⑩ conducted
- ⑪ help
- ⑫ allows
- ⑬ developed
- ⑭ environments
- ⑮ contact
- ⑯ According
- ⑰ otherwise
- ⑱ competitive
- ⑲ promising
- ⑳ compared

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<パート2>

設問2

1.

Virtual reality therapy is a type of exposure therapy using virtual reality technology. It treats patients with phobias by exposing them to the feared object or situation in a virtual environment.

【別解】

Virtual reality therapy is a type of behavior therapy used to treat anxiety and other disorders with virtual reality technology. It treats people with mental illness by exposing them to the feared object or situation in a safe virtual environment, helping them overcome their anxiety and distress.

2.

One benefit of virtual reality therapy that I found most important is its flexibility. It gives doctors the ability to control the environment, to schedule treatment, to repeat scenarios and to adjust scenarios to improve treatment. Another important benefit is that, because insurance can cover the cost, it does not burden patients financially.

【別解】

In my opinion, the two most important benefits are that virtual reality therapy can be scheduled around the patients' needs and that it requires less time. That means patients can benefit both physically and financially.

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<パート3>

There are many aspects of Japan's health care system that must be improved. One of those aspects I would like to change most is that there is not enough medical care in Japan's rural areas.

There are a lot of people in Japan's rural areas who suffer from a serious lack of medical care, and some of them die of diseases which could be treated if they were given proper treatment.

One of those people is my friend's father, who lived in a rural area in Hokkaido. He was diagnosed with COVID-19 at the local hospital, but he couldn't get medical treatment for it because the hospital wasn't equipped with adequate medical devices. He passed away in the ambulance while he was being taken to a hospital in an urban area. This is just one example which shows that there is not enough medical care in Japan's rural areas.

Therefore, I think it is important to improve the medical care in rural areas in order to save as many people as possible in those areas.

(175 words)

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<パート3>

【別解】

If I were to change one thing about society, I would eliminate every kind of discrimination against women, implicit or explicit, that can be found in our male-dominated society.

Women have been regarded as “the second gender” and discriminated against by men for most of human history. Even though many people have been fighting gender discrimination for decades, it is still common. For example, in many organizations, both public and private, few women, however competent they are, have reached high positions. Apparently, more and more women are being appointed to higher positions in the world of politics or business, but still the number of women in those positions is much smaller than that of men.

Society is made up of men and women, which means that both genders should play equal roles in society. As long as there is discrimination of any kind against women, ours can't be called a “gender-equal society” in the true sense of the term. Therefore, I would like to see a society where equality between men and women is realized.

(175 words)

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<パート3>

【別解】

I would build a society where there were no guns. To achieve world peace, we shouldn't look away from this problem.

First, if we could get rid of guns, the number of people killed in war would be smaller than it is today. We often hear the news that ordinary people fall victim to guns. The other day, I read in the newspaper that the Nigerian military shot many of the civilians who protested peacefully at the Lekki tollgate in Lagos. If there were no guns, the military and protesters would have negotiated without relying on weapons.

In addition, if there were no guns, political corruption related to them would be gone. Today, especially in the U.S., assembly members have cozy relationships with gun lobbyists, who secretly have a grave effect on the country's policies. Politicians are supposed to represent the public and accept their opinions broadly. In order to realize such an ideal, we should create a society which is free from guns.

For these reasons, if I were to change one thing about society, I would create a society where disagreements were settled with words instead of guns.

(190 words)